cirprotec Kim thu sét NLP 1100 - NLP 2200





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NLP 1100 - NLP 2200: Kim thu sét phát tia tiên đạo (ESE) an toàn và hiệu quả nhất.

Những ưu điểm của kim thu sét phát tia tiên đạo (ESE):

NLP được thiết kế đặc biệt để giảm thiểu thời gian thực phát tia tiên đạo khi có sét. Nói cách khác, so với những phương pháp cổ điển sử dụng kim Franklin, thiết bị điện tử có bên trong kim thu sét NLP sẽ cho vùng bảo vệ lớn hơn nhiều. Do đó, lợi ích và ưu điểm lớn nhất mà ta có được khi sử dụng NLP là :

1) An toàn nhất. 2) Vùng bảo vệ lớn nhất.

3) Hiệu quả kinh tế nhất.

<u>Tính toán bán kính bảo vệ :</u>

Bán kính bảo vệ (Rp) của kim thu sét ESE NLP được tính toán sử dụng ³công thức theo tiêu chuẩn Quốc gia Pháp NFC-17-102 (tháng 7, 1995): Rp= $\sqrt{h(2D-h) + \Delta L(2D + \Delta L)}$ khi h≥ 5m.

Những thông số để tính toán bán kính bảo vệ Rp:

- $\Delta L(m) = V.\Delta t$, V(m/s): Tốc độ tia tiên đạo

- $\Delta t(\mu s)$: Thời gian phát tia tiên đạo theo thực nghiệm.

- h(m): Độ cao thực của km thu sét NLP so với mặt phẳng cần bảo vệ.
- D(m): Phụ thuộc vào độ an toàn được chọn. Các mức bảo vệ được chỉ

rõ trong mục Annex B của tiêu chuẩn Pháp NFC-17-102.

D= 20m Mức an toàn 1 (An toàn cao).

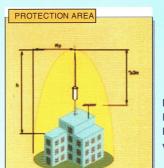
D= 45m Mức an toàn 2 (An toàn trung bình). D= 60m Mức an toàn 3 (An toàn tiêu chuẩn). Trong đó, Thời gian phát tia tiên đạo ∆t:

NLP 1100-15: $\Delta t = 15 \,\mu s$

NLP 1100-30: $\Delta t = 30 \ \mu s$ NLP 1100-44: $\Delta t = 44 \ \mu s$

NLP 2200 : ∆t = 72 µs

Vật liệu	ı chế tạo	100% thép không gỉ					
Nặng	Cao	Đường kính	Kim nhọn				
2940gr	500mm	79mm	380mm				



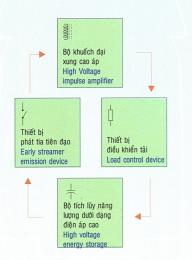


** Chế tạo theo tiêu chuẩn UNE 21186 - 96, phiếu kiểm nghiệm số: 200307350353-A / 200307350357-A do trung tâm thí nghiệm kỹ thuật điện tử (L.C.O.E) Tây Ban Nha cấp.

** Manufactured according to standard UNE 21186 - 96 with test certificates nos : 200307350355-A / 200307350357-A from Laboratorio Cenrtral Oficial de Electrotecnia (L.C.O.E) - SPAIN

NP: Mức bảo vệ Rp: Bán kính bảo vệ H: Độ cao đỉnh kim thu sét so với mặt phẳng cần bảo vệ.

NLP XX00







NLP 2200

<u>Giấy kiểm nghiệm</u> series NLP 1100 và NLP 2200 được chế tạo theo tiêu chuẩn UNE 21186-96 giấy kiểm nghiệm số 200307350355-A và 200307350357-A do Laboratorio Central Oficial de Electrotecnia (L.C.O.E.), cấp ngày 02/06/05, với sự công nhận của ENAC tại Madrid (Spain)

www.banhay.com - Hotline 24/7: 0986 219 626 - 0903 070 686

NLP-1100, NLP 1100-15, NLP 1100-30, NLP 1100-44, NLP-2200, NLP1100-15, NLP1100-30, NLP1100-44, NLP-2200, Cirprotec NLP 1100, Cirprotec NLP 1200, Cirprotec NLP 1100-15, Cirprotec NLP 1100-30, Cirprotec NLP 1100-44, nhap khau kim thu set NLP, nhap khau kim thu set Cirprotec, phan phoi kim thu set CPT, phan phoi kim thu set Cirprotec

Lightning Rod NLP 1100 - NLP 2200

Designed according to national and international standards: UNE 21185, UNE 21186, IEC 61024-1, NFC-17-102, VDC 0185



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ENAC

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<u>NLP1100 - NLP2200:</u> The safest and most effective Early Streamer Emission (ESE) system for lightning protection. Advantages of Early Streamer Emission (ESE) lightning conductor:

The NLP has been specially designed to reduce the actual time associated with the upwards streamer emission created when lightning strike occurs. In the other words, compare to the traditional method used by a Franklin rod, the built-in electronic device allows a much bigger radius protection coverage. Therefore, what is the biggest benefits and advantages you can obtain with NLP ?

- 1) Best safety
- 2) Best protection
- 3) Best savings on installation

cirprotec

Calculation of protection radius:

The protection radius (Rp) of a NLP ESE terminal is calculated using the following formula as defined by the French National standard NFC-17-102 (July, 1995).

 $Rp=\sqrt{h(2D-h) + \Delta L(2D + \Delta L)}$ for h≥5m. Where,

The following key parameters determine the calculation of Rp.

- $\Delta L(m) = V. \Delta t$, V(m/s): Tracer speed
- $\Delta t(\mu s)$: Anticipation emission time as established during the test.
- h(m): actual height of NLP terminal above the area to be protected
- D(m): depends on the selected level of protection. Protection levels

are specified in Annex B of the standard NFC-17-102.

D= 20m for protection level 1 (High protection).

- D= 45m for protection level 2 (Medium protection).
- D= 60m for protection level 3 (Standard protection).

Where, Anticipation Emission time Δt :

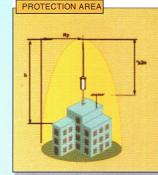
NLP 1100-15: ∆t = 15µs

NLP 1100-30: $\Delta t = 30 \mu s$

NLP 1100-44: $\Delta t = 44 \mu s$

N	LP	2200	Δt	=	/2µs	

Weight	Weight Height		Rod length	Material			
2940gr	500mm	79mm	380mm	Stainless - Steel			



CPT /



Lightning event counter

CDI 250:

Imin = 250A

CDR 2000: Lightning event counter Imin = 250A

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L.C.O.E

NP: Protection Level. Rp: Protection Radius H: Height of the top of the Nimbus on the surface to be protected.

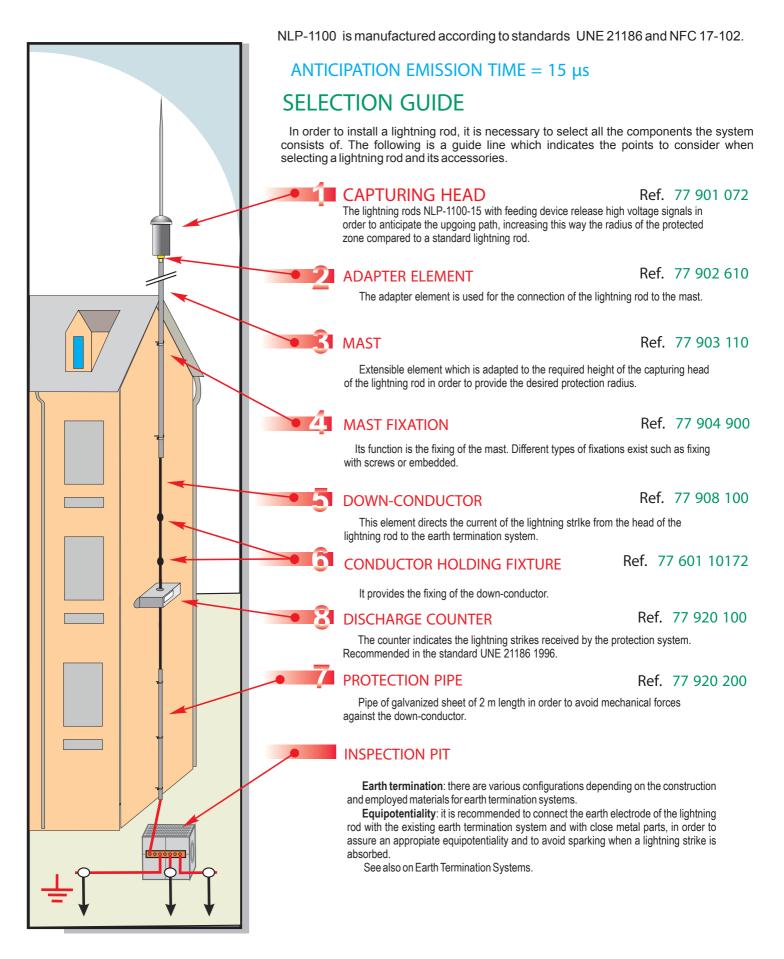
PSG : Predective Spark Gap $I_{M} = 100 \text{kA}$; U $\leq 10 \text{kV}$

A <b 2="" :="" down-gonductors<="" th=""><th></th><th colspan="3">NLP 1100-15</th><th colspan="3">NLP 1100-30</th><th colspan="3">NLP 1100-44</th><th colspan="3">NLP 2200</th>		NLP 1100-15			NLP 1100-30			NLP 1100-44			NLP 2200		
	H(m)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	2	13	18	20	19	25	28	24	30	33	32	40	44
	3	18	26	30	23	35	44	35	45	50	48	59	65
	4	25	36	41	28	50	57	46	60	67	64	78	87
*	5	32	45	51	48	63	71	58	75	88	79	97	120
A<28m. and A>B.	6	32	46	52	48	64	72	58	76	88	79	97	120
1 down-conductor	8	32	48	54	49	65	73	59	77	90	79	98	121
	10	33	49	56	49	66	75	59	77	91	79	98	122
	15	34	52	60	50	68	77	59	79	93	79	101	124
	20	35	55	63	50	71	81	60	81	96	80	102	126
	45	35	60	73	50	75	89	60	85	102	80	105	126
	60	35	60	75	50	75	90	60	85	104	80	105	132

According to GEMELEC, for the best result, maximum protection radius of NLP2200 should be 107m The top of the lightning rod has to be 2m above any other points of the structure

What is the Certificate NLP 1100 and NLP 2200 are manufactured according to standard UNE 21186-96 with test certificate number 200307350355-A and 200307350357-A issued on 02/06/05, at Laboratorio Central Oficial de Electrotecnia (L.C.O.E.), with ENAC accreditation in Madrid (Spain)

Lightning Rod NLP-1100-15



INSTALLATION GUIDE

CAPTURING HEAD: the peak has to be located 2 m. above the highest parts of the area to be protected.

ADAPTOR ELEMENT : it has to provide the electrical contact between the capturing point and the downgoing conductor. It is put on the mast, on light poles, pillars, etc...

MAST- MAST FIXATION : the mast provides the appropriate height corresponing to the area to be protected by the lightning rod and is usually mounted with 2 or 3 fixings depending on its length.

DOWN-CONDUCTOR : it leads the current of the lightning strike from the capturing head to the earth electrode. The conductors can be of sheet, plain twist, twisted or round cable, and the minimum area has to be 50 mm².

Each lightning rod should have at least a down-conductor, except in the following cases, where two down-conductors are needed:

-structures higher than 28 m.

-the horizontal projection is larger than the vertical projection

The path has to be the most rectilinear possible with the shortest distance, avoiding curves. The covering radius should not be less than 20 cm. The down-conductor should avoid crossing or the proximity of electrical or telecommunication networks.

When the crossing cannot be avoided, then the line has to be inside of a metallic shield which needs to be extended 1 m on each side of the crossing.

Cornices or elevations should be avoided. A maximum height of 40 cm is allowed with an angle of up to 45°.

CONDUCTOR HOLDING FIXTURES : Independent of the fixture type, three fixtures per meter are used for the down-conductor. The fixtures must not be in direct contact with inflammable material.

DISCHARGE COUNTER : This counter is installed above the control joint, and in all cases 2 m. above the ground. It is mounted on the down-conductor.

TEST JOINT : Each down-conductor has to incorporate a test joint, which allows to disconnect the earth electrode and thus allows to measure the resistivity. The test joint is mounted two meters above the ground.

PROTECTION PIPE : It is put between the ground and the control joint in order to protect the down-conductor against mechanical forces. The pipe is of metallic material and has a length of 2 m. It is mounted with three fixtures.

LEVEL OF PROTECTION

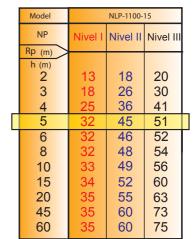
The protection level is a parameter to be determined according to the established standard. We use UNE 21186-96 based on NF C 17-102 standard. These standards establish three protection levels.

The protection level depends on:

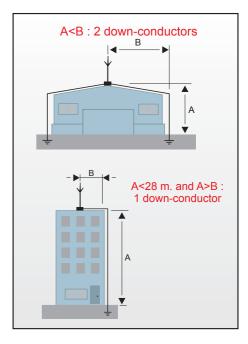
- Lightning strikes density in the area.
- Situation of the structure to be protected (urban or rural zone, high buildings near the installation, ...)
- Type of structure.
- Building's location.
- Cost valuation of period of the installation due to damages because of the lightning strikes.

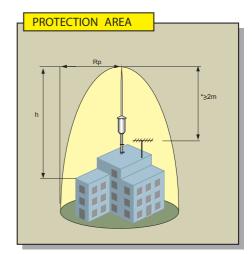
Sometimes this last item is the cause of selecting a protection level I (Maximum security), as the losses because of non-operation the installation could be important.

RADIUS OF PROTECTION



From now on the results of early streamer emission air terminals are limited to $60 \ \mu s$ for calculation protection radius, according to NFC 17-102 from December 2001





NP: Protection Level

- **Rp: Protection Radius**
- H: Height of the top of the Nimbus on the surface to be protected.